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# Preparing Sustained Release Alogliptin Tablets Using Bentonite by Granulation

By Alhamza Hoshi Khalaf

Supervisor Dr Jamal Alyoussef Alkrad

# This thesis was submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master's degree in the pharmaceutical sciences

Faculty of Pharmacy Isra University

June , 2020

## **COMMITTEE DECISION**

This Thesis (Preparing Sustained Release Alogliptin Tablets Using Bentonite by Granulation) was successfully Defended and Approved on .....

# **Examinations** Committee

#### Signature

# Dr. Jamal Alyoussef Alkrad (Supervisor)

Associated Professor of Pharmaceutical

Technology and Biopharmacy

Isra University

Dr. Ahmed Aljaberi (External examiner)

Associated Professor of Pharmaceutical Technology and Biopharmacy

Applied Science Private University

Dr. Eman Darweesh Misbah ALZamily

(Internal examiner )

Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutics and Drug

Delivery

Isra University

nin lel

#### Dedication

To the last final prophet and messenger of almighty Allah our master, leader and teacher Muhammad bin Abdullah (peace and blessing be upon him).

To the memory of my father who always encouraged me to seek knowledge.

- My precious diamond and the light of my life, to my dear mother who became both a father and a mother to me. Thanks to her prayers asking almighty God helping me to reach this level of education.
- To my brothers and sisters, who created the motives inside me to continue my study and give me the power in this life.

To everyone who helps, teach me and take my hand to the right path in seeking knowledge.

#### **Acknowledgments**

First of all praise be to Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful, for his unlimited support and favors.

I would like to express my thanks to **Dr. Jamal Alyoussef Alkrad**, my supervisor and head of the Department of Pharmaceutics, for his wise advices, patience and encouragement throughout all stages of my study.

I am so thankful to College **of Pharmacy**, **University of Isra** for offering the opportunity to continue my graduate study.

I would like also to express my grateful thanks to **my family**, for their patience, help, support and love.

Finally, I would like to extend my thanks to all others who helped me to finish this work.

Alhamza

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
%	Percentage
°C	Degree Celsius
HPLC	High performance liquid chromatography
Eq	Equation
GIT	Gastrointestinal tract
g	Gram
hr	Hour
mL	Milliliter
μL	Microliter
Mg	Milligram
μg	Microgram
min	Minute
MWt	Molecular weight
nm	Nanometer
UV	Ultraviolet
НРМС	hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose
DPP-4	dipeptidyl peptidase-4
T2DM	typ2debates mellitus
GLP-1	glucagon-like peptide-1
GRAS	general recognize as safe
USGS	The United States Geological Survey
AB	Alogliptin benzoate

В	Bentonite
MCC	microcrystalline cellulose
FTIR	Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy
CI	CAR's index
XRD	X-ray diffraction
HR	Hausner Ratio
HPLC	High pressure liquid chromatogram

#### Preparing Sustained Release Alogliptin Tablets Using Bentonite by Granulation

By

#### Alhamza Hoshi Khalaf

#### Supervisor

#### Dr Jamal Alyoussef Alkrad

#### ABSTRACT

This study is designed to evaluate the use of bentonite to develop and optimize sustained release tablets by granulation method. The tablets were prepared using different binders then tested for their pharmcopeal requirements. Also, a HPLC method was developed to assess the release pattern of alogliptin from the tablets. FTIR, DSC and powder-XRD were used to evaluate the compatibility between the drug and bentonite. The results showed that the tablets comply with their compendial requirements and no interaction between the drug and the excipient. Furthermore, the release profile revealed sustained release of aloglepitin from the tablets prepared with aid of hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose (HPMC) as a binder. The data fitting showed that diffusion from the tablets followed Fickian model. However, it could be possible to formulate successfully sustained release tablets of aloglpitin using bentonite as an excipient. The formulated tablets complied with pharmacopeial requirements. The developed tablets using bentonite by granulation are good candidate for further in vivo evaluation.