



Diabetes Risk Level Prediction Using Data Mining Techniques

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إلى.. النَّخْلَةُ الَّتِي أَشْمَرْتُ رُوْحِي
إلى.. الْجَذْعُ الَّذِي حَمَلْنَا مَعًا مُكَابِرًا وَشَامِخًا
إِلَى كُلِّيهِمَا وَهُمَا يَحْمِلُنِي عَلَى أَكْتَافِ الْأَمْلِ وَيُحْلِقُنِي بِي بَعِيدًا نَحْو سَمَاءِ النَّجَاحِ
لَكَ وَأَنْتَ تَجُدُ فِي غَرَسِي دَاخِلَ رِحْمِ الْحَيَاةِ
لَكَ وَأَنْتَ تَسْمَخُضُنِي بِي مَرَارًا وَتَمْثِينِي فُرْصَةَ الْبَدَائِيَاتِ الْجَدِيدَةِ عَلَى أَعْتَابِ النَّهَايَةِ
لَكَمَا وَأَنْتَمَا تَنَجَّرُ عَانِ الْكَأسِ فَارِغًا لِشَفَقِيَا نَيَابِيِّ الْحَبِ
أُمِي .. أَبِي

ولِتَلَكَ الرُّوحُ الَّتِي عَلَمْتَنِي بِأَنَّ الْحُضُورَ قَدْ يَعْنِي الغِيَابَ الْمُكَتمَلَ أَوِ الرَّحِيلَ الْأَبْدِيِّ الَّذِي لَا تَقْاطِعُهُ عَوْدَةٌ وَلَا يَشُوبُهُ وَصَالَ
لِرُوحِكَ جَدِتي

إِلَى كُلِّ مَنْ مَنَحَنِي الدَّفَعَةَ فِي صَقْعِ الْغَرْبَةِ وَبَرَزَ قَمَرًا إِنْ تَحَالَكْتُ فِي عَيْنِي الدُّنْـا

أَهْدَيْتُ هَذَا الْاجْتِهَادَ

شكر وإمتنان

(رَبِّ أَوْزِعِنِي أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي أَعْمَلْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالَّذِي وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ وَأَدْخِلْنِي
بِرَحْمَتِكَ فِي عِبَادِكَ الصَّالِحِينَ) (١٩) السُّلْطَانُ

أشكر الله الذي أسبغ علي بفيض نعمه وواسع توفيقه وكرمه

ولمشري وأستاذى الجليل الدكتور "عايش الحروب" الذى انتهلت من مناهل علمه ومعرفته دون ملل منه او كله الذى
غمزنى بفيض ثناءه وتشجيعه الذى كان عكاوى فى اشد لحظات التردد واعتنى مراحل الضغط

لكل من اشعل قبساً للعلم في دربي .. استاذتي الافضل

لعائلتي التي مابرحت ان تكون لي سندأ وداعما

احباني واصدقاني وكل من وقف معي لتحقيق حلمي والتشبث به

واخيرا للروح التي تسكن اعمامي ولم تضعفها عواصف اليأس ولم تثتها غيوم التفاسع والعجز .

DEDICATION

To the beloved lady who suffered, cared, and prayed for my success, my mother.

To the great man who always supported me in every step of my life ,my father.

To the candles of my life; my brothers & sisters, and all the faithful friends for their unlimited love and support, for all them, I dedicate this humble work.

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List of Abbreviations

#	Abbreviation	Full Expression
1.	AI	Artificial Intelligence
2.	CSV	Comma-Separated Values
3.	FCM	Fuzzy C-means
4.	GDA	Generalized DiscriminantAnalysis
5.	LR	Logistic Regression
6.	ML	Machine Learning
7.	NNs	Neural Networks
8.	SVM	Support Vector Machine.
9.	T2DM	Type Two of Diabetes Mellitus.
10.	UCI	University of California, Irvine.
11.	WEKA	Waikato Environment for Knowledge Analyze

Abstract

Big data faces many challenges in various aspects that appear through characteristicssuch As: volume, velocity, and variety; big data processes and analyzis challenges acquiring quality information to support accurate decision-making values. Health care produces large amount of data by follow up the patients. This data can be used for diagnosing, detecting abnormal behavior and decision-making. Nevertheless, in critical fields that are directly related to human health care, the data must be treated in manner to overcome unwanted medical actions related to Big Data. Diabetics Big Data is rich in medical details, due to the frequency of updating case, and rich in gaps and unwanted data as well. Therefore, precise work on big data makes the diagnoses prediction of diabetics in terms of risk level possible. This prediction helps the doctor to overcome the ambiguousproblem of the case in future and predict the optimal treatment at early stage of the case. In this work, an approach is proposed to pre-process the benchmark dataset UCI and select the correlated features based on target attribute. Fuzzy C-Means is used to values clustering and Support Vector Machine (SVM) is used for classification as well. Clustering and classification techniques are used to increase the clarity of data to enrich the rules that will be generated from dataset. Risk Matrix was proposed to represent rules of three levels of diabetes (low, high,medium), and use Risk Matrix to train deep learning and build an expert system that can predict the risk level automatically. The approach is tested in the fourth layer using the evaluation Metrics of machine learning algorithms. The approach experiments use Diabetes patient data and symptom in rapidminer tool. This approach Achieved 97.8% accuracy to automatically predict the level of risk and can be applied at the field of health care to target diabetic patients at variant levels of risks and provide customized care to reduce the re-admission rate.

Keywords: Big Data, Fuzzy C-Means, Diabetic, Healthcare, Support Vector Machine (SVM), Risk Matrix.